Fraudsters and eCommerce: A complicated relationship

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Andrea Puzo, Co-Founder



- 1. Fraudsters favourite place to work
- 2. Fraudsters habits
- 3. The problem in figures: Worldwide Italy UK Brasil China
 4. Market approach



Taking a coffe...

The fraudster sits in a coffee shop using his or her laptop to create a Wi-Fi hub that's identically named to the venue's legitimate Wi-Fi hotspot.

Coffee shop customers log onto the fraudster's hotspot, which contains malware that allows the fraudster to access their machine whilst he is sitting at a nearby table.

The fraudster accesses the customer's online accounts whilst sipping a latte at the same time hacking their password using fraudster cryptography tools such as Cain & Abel.

Customer leaves the coffee shop and fraudster moves onto his next victim all the while amassing access to online accounts for online banking, online retail and social media ready for exploitation.

And of course, this isn't just done in coffee shops but also shopping malls, on trains, in bars, libraries, airports...



"I use a mixture of hi-tech and old school tricks to steal identities. In the summer I likes to get out for a stroll and lift bank statements from hi-density housing postboxes but the coffee shop routine gives me richer data and deeper access to my victim's financial identity."

Convicted Fraudster



Wiffi

ZONE

welcome



The local government census: The fraudster always knocks twice



Fraudster selects a neighbourhood or series of streets to target and begins to build the confidence trick by putting leaflets through letterboxes the day before to advertise the census and give his gang an air of legitimacy.

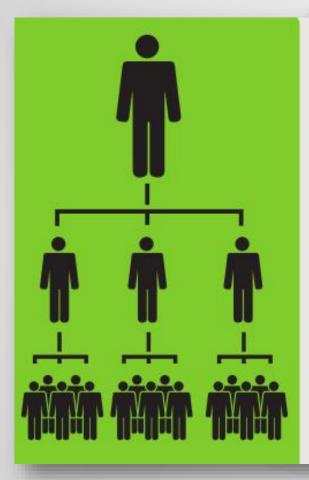


The fraudster's gang work in teams and canvas a street. Hand-picked to match the demographic of the neighbourhood, dressed in suits, with badges and letterheads to announce their (bogus) credentials, they figure on a one in four success rate for harvesting name, address, date of birth length of tenancy, email address and other data-points they need to commit fraud. "We would teach them which houses on a street to target and which ones not to bother with. Basically the ones with nice cars we would go for and the ones with the crappy old banger on the drive we would avoid as that was a good tell for what they had in the bank"

Convicted Fraudster



The local government census: The fraudster always knocks twice



The Master

Owns, uses or sells the identities on carder forums. Has a handful of trusted fraudsters who serve as his captains in this exploit and play roles in the actual usage of the identities.

The Captains

Recruit, brief, and manage the soldiers. Captains, AKA the 10% man, get paid a percentage of their Master's frauds.

The Soldiers

Get paid £5 or \$10 for every identity they obtain.



Social media techniques: My virtual friend, the real life fraudster



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Fraudster befriends "Brian" on a social network.

Fraudster checks out "Brian's" connections and friends and selects the ones that he wants to target based on how much info they display about themselves.

Fraudster creates a new account for "Brian" and reaches out to the targeted connections impersonating "Brian" claiming he has lost access to his social media account and has been forced to create a new account.

The fraudulent "Brian" can now see all of the target connection's posts, history, likes, job titles, employers, venues, educational achievements, hobbies, where they live and really understand who they are and how they spend their time and money. "My favourite targets on social media tend to be people born between 1960 and 1975. They are into social media enough to have a decent amount of data on their wall or profile but are not Internet savvy enough to protect themselves.

Plus they are the perfect age to still have a good credit history and line of credit, still be economically active and also to be time-poor which makes it easier for me to con them."

Convicted Fraudster



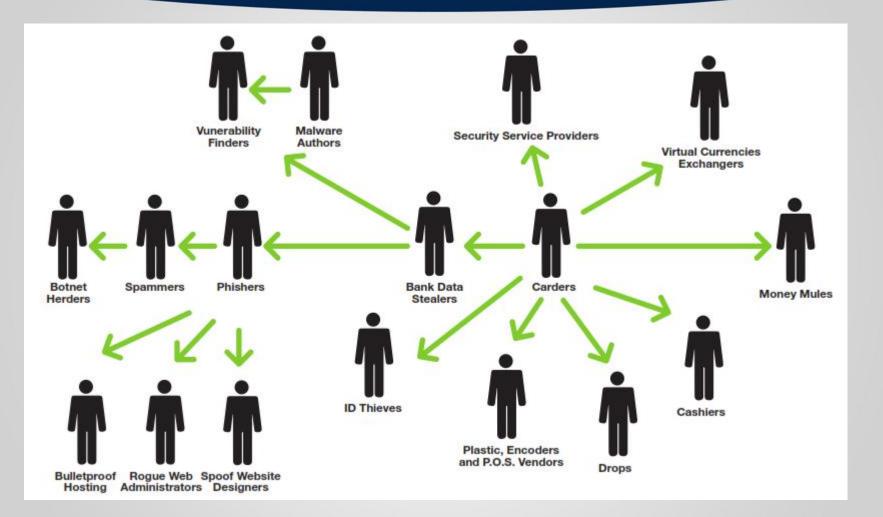
The loyalty discount offer: If it looks too good to be true...



The loyalty discount offer: If it looks too good to be true...



Many roles....





Where are going all these data?

WorldWide CVV Service + UK Bank Logins

Hello guys .

In stock more then 25 countys.

Most intresting cvv2:

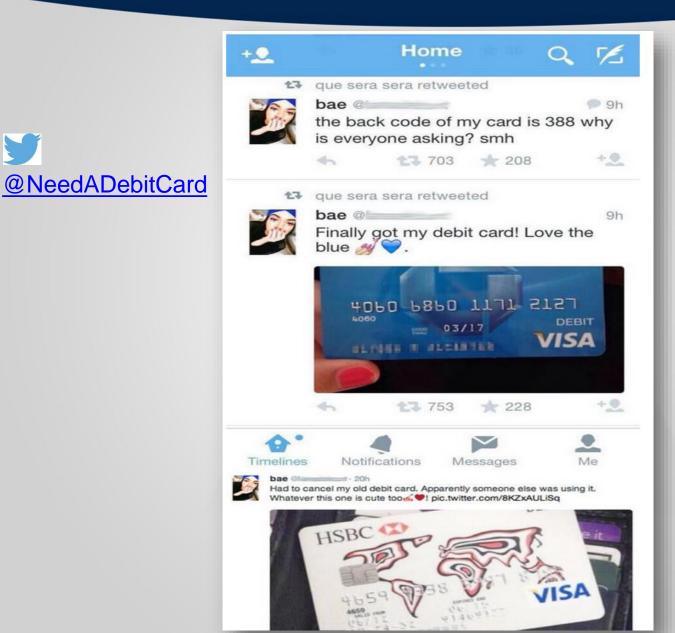
CA - Many Good Bins in Stock - 3-4\$ each . By bins 5-6 AU - 80-90% valid of my au cards make happy for usel US - more then 10k visa+mc and 10k amex of 80-90% UK - fresh 8k cards in stock for u . 454742 - 10\$ each v Gold/Plat bins 6-7\$ / . Random cvv2 - 5\$. EU - more then 3k stock of eu cards - 7-9\$ per one . DE - good germany mc cvvs of 90-95% valid - 8\$ each. ASia (TH,JP,CN,TW) - 6\$

Special Offers:

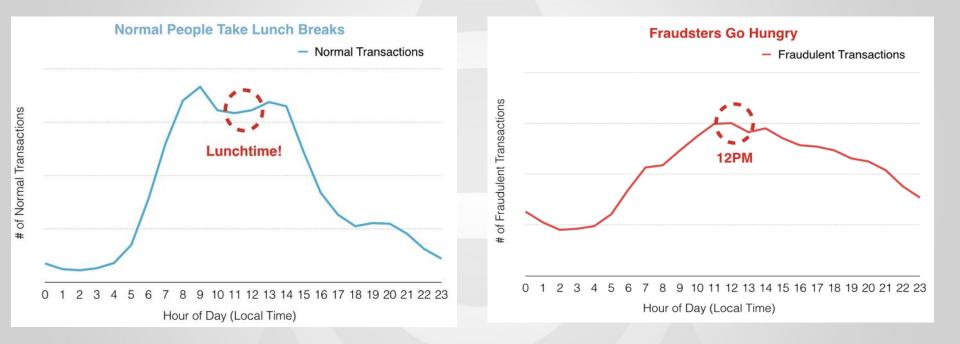
(100 CA - 200\$) [100 UK - 350\$] (100 EU - 480\$) [100



Insane user behaviour....

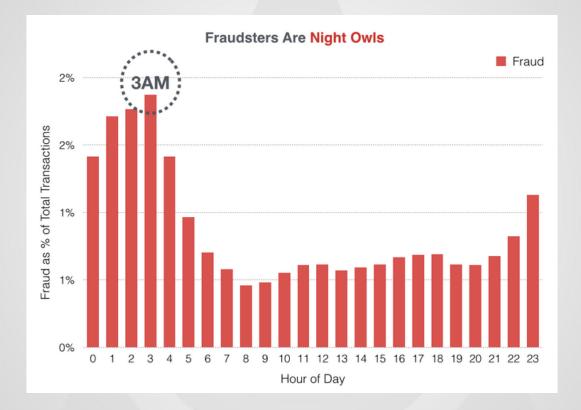


Fraudsters working time





Fraudsters working time



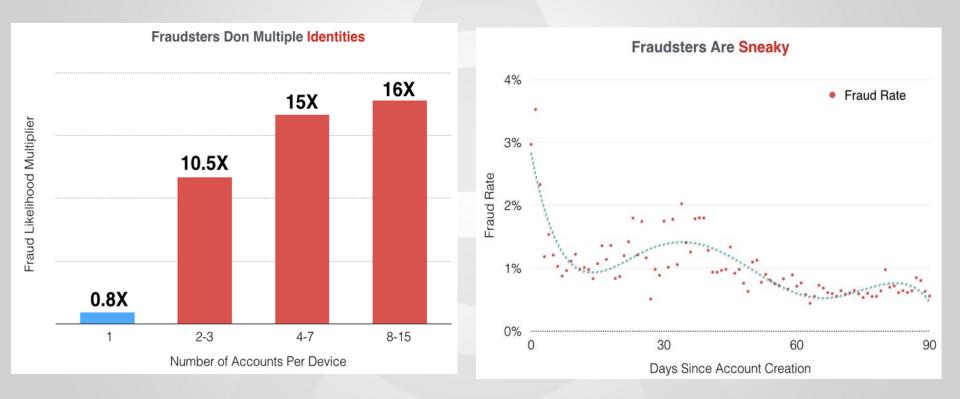


Where are they from?





Fraudsters Multiple Identity





In figures: World Wide

Every year **12 BIL \$** are lost because online frauds

1% 25% is the average fraud rate for of total ecommerce orders are ecommerce reviewed manually



In figures: Italy

180M € Loss on eCommerce revenues in Italy 2014

1 % is the average fraud rate for ecommerce

2.15 M # of fraudolents order in Italy 2014



In figures: UK eCommerce



102 Bil \$ eCommerce revenues in 2013

16.3 % eCommerce Growth In 2013 88.5 %

Credit/debit card

7.7 % PayPal



In figures: UK eCommerce Fraud



1.68 Bil \$ Loss on eCommerce revenues in 2013

1.65 % average fraud rate

85 %

of merchants expect fraud revenue loses to remain Static or Grow



In figures: Brasil eCommerce



30.5 Bil \$ eCommerce revenues in 2013

28 % eCommerce Growth In 2013 **71 %** Credit/debit card

10 %

Boletos Bancario



In figures: Brasil eCommerce Fraud



427 Mil \$ (1.4%) Loss on eCommerce revenues in 2013

85 % of merchants conduct manual review and they review 35% of the orders **8.2 %** of orders are rejected due to suspicion of fraud

64 %

of manually reviewed orders are ultimately accepted



In figures: China eCommerce



193 Bil \$ eCommerce revenues in 2013

78.5% eCommerce Growth

in 2013

270 mil. of Digital Buyers in 2013



In figures: China eCommerce Fraud



Online bank transfer



Market Approach

RULES APPROACH



Some fraud blocked, some **allowed** through

False

positive:"Defensive" posture means much business lost



Huge costs for **manual** reviews



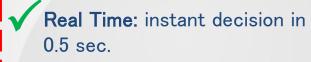
Slow: reviews can take hours, cost business



High price for **costs incurred**, business lost

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Network Protection Effect: All ecommerce are protected simultaneously



- False Positive: only fraud transactions are blocked
- EU Privacy Compliance
- Scalable for high transactions volume



BEHAVIORAL BIOMETRICS

Privacy Compliance: not all clients are likely to give biometrics data

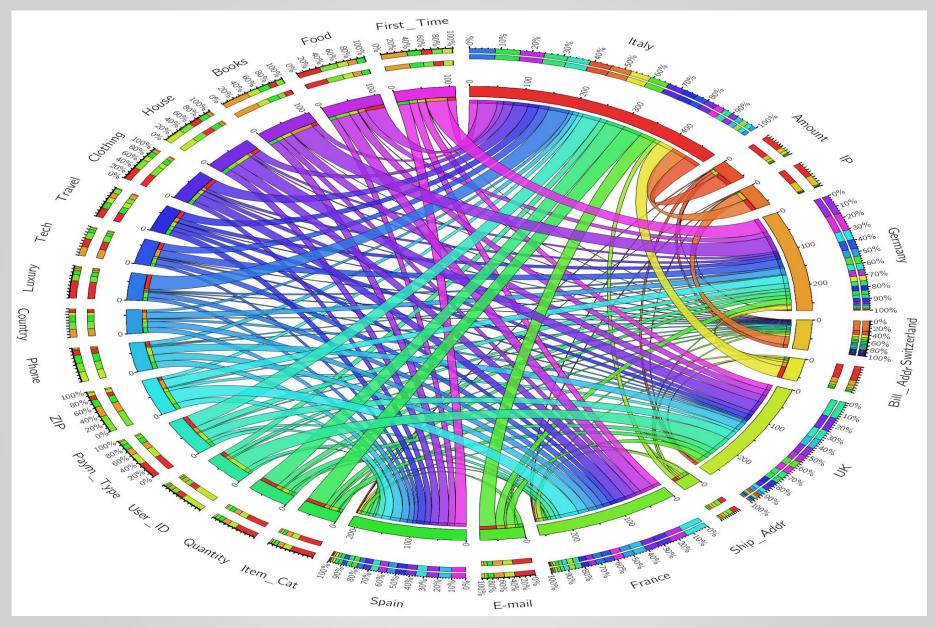
Slow: build a complete "biometrics profile" takes more than 30 purchases on the same website



Not scalable for high transactions volume



Decrease ecommerce conversion due step to biometrics authentication





Sources:

Bank of Mexico, Latin America B2C eCommerce Report, Ystats, 2013, eMarketers Alipay Cybersource Unfraud Siftscience Global Survey of Online Shoppers, PwC, 2013 Paypal Telegraph Jumio



Write me! It is free...



Andrea Puzo

CFO, Sales

andrea.puzo@unfraud.com +39 392 5502510 www.unfraud.com

